## COASTAL STATE ENFORCEMENT

### (ARTICLE 220)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Location of Vessel</th>
<th>Applicable Law</th>
<th>Type of charge or facts</th>
<th>Measures</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Voluntarily in port (Art 220(1))</td>
<td>Laws and regulations of coastal state - in accordance</td>
<td>Any violation</td>
<td>Proceedings</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
| TS (Art. 220(2)) | with the Convention (Art. 21 (2)(i), Art 211(4-7), Art 234) or - applicable international rules and standards | 1) Clear grounds for belief, but without prejudice to right of innocent passage  
2) Where evidence so warrants | - Physical inspection (Art 226(1)(a)) or - Further physical inspection (Art 226(1)(a)(i-iii)) - Proceedings - Detention |
| TS or EEZ (Art. 220(3)) | International rules and standards  
(Or national law conforms with or giving effect to) | Clear grounds for belief | Give information as listed in Art 220(3)  
- Identity  
- Registry  
- Last port  
- Next port  
- Information in respect to incident |
| TS or EEZ (Art. 220(5)) | International rules and standards  
(As above) | Clear grounds for belief  
and substantial discharge causing or threatening significant pollution and vessel has refused to give information or information supplied obviously incorrect | Physical inspection  
(Further physical inspection (Art.226(1)(a)) |
| TS or EEZ (Art. 220(6)) | International rules and standards  
(As above) | Clear objective evidence and discharge is  
- causing major damage  
- or threat of major damage to  
- coastline or  
- resources of TS/EEZ and provided that evidence so warrants | - Proceedings - Detention  
(Release Art. 220(7)) |
| TS or EEZ (Art. 220(8)) | National law giving effect to generally accepted rules (Art. 211(5)) | Applicable in cases of Art. 220(3-6) accordingly | Measures accordingly (Art. 220(3-6)) |